



Tenby Schools, Tropicana Aman

Whole School Policy

Policy	TTA Whistleblowing Policy			
Approval Date	August 2022	Next Review	August 2023	
Review Cycle	12 months			
Scope	Whole Group	<input type="checkbox"/>	Whole School	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	International Primary	<input type="checkbox"/>	International Secondary	<input type="checkbox"/>
Ownership	Tenby Schools, TTA	Approved by	TTA SLT	

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1. Introduction

International Schools Partnership and the Campus Principal are committed to delivering a high-quality education service to pupils and expect high standards from their staff and contractors. In order to maintain these high standards a culture of openness and accountability is vitally important. The aims of this policy are threefold:

- to encourage staff to raise concerns about malpractice within the school without fear of reprisal
- to reassure staff that concerns will be taken seriously
- to provide information about how to raise concerns and explain how the Campus Principal and ISP may respond.

2. Scope of the Policy

This policy applies to all school employees, agency staff, contractors and volunteers engaged by the school. There is a separate procedure for pupils and parents to raise concerns about school related issues.

3. What is Whistleblowing?

In practical terms, whistleblowing occurs when a concern is raised about danger or illegality that affects others. As the person blowing the whistle you will not necessarily be directly affected by the danger or illegality. Consequently, you will not necessarily have a personal interest in the outcome of any investigation into your concerns. This is different from a complaint or grievance. If you make a complaint or lodge a grievance, you are saying that you personally have been poorly treated. This poor treatment could involve a breach of your individual employment rights or bullying and you are entitled to seek redress for yourself.

4. Blowing the Whistle on Malpractice

Malpractice covers a wide range of concerns. The types of activity that should be disclosed include but are not limited to the following:

- the physical, emotional or sexual abuse of pupils or staff
- unauthorised use of School funds and/or financial maladministration
- fraud and corruption
- failure to comply with legal obligations
- endangering of an individual's health and safety
- damage to the environment
- a criminal offence
- failure to follow financial and contract procedure rules
- showing undue favour to a contractor or a job applicant
- miscarriages of justice
- deliberate concealment of information relating to any of the above
- concerns about the professional practice or competence of colleagues, other members of staff or other workers.

Staff should raise their concerns with the Campus Principal. The earlier a concern is raised the easier it will be to take action. You the whistleblower are a witness to events not the investigator. You do not need to wait for compelling evidence of malpractice before raising concerns, but you must have reasonable grounds for your suspicion.

When reporting a concern, you should provide as much information and detail as possible. In particular, you should provide the full names of the people involved or who know about what is happening, including the names of those involved, dates of events and any relevant documentation. This will help the investigator to focus on the main issues quickly.

There will be some cases where it is not appropriate for you to raise concerns with your Campus Principal, for example where you suspect your Campus Principal already knows

about the malpractice or where you suspect your Campus Principal may be involved. In those cases, you should report your concerns to the ISP Regional Managing Director.

Initial enquiries will be made to decide whether an investigation is appropriate and, if so, what form it should take. You will be advised whether an investigation takes place or not.

5. Advice and Support

The school recognises that staff may wish to seek advice and support from their professional association or trade union where this is in place, before blowing the whistle and the school will support you in doing this.

Whistleblowers who consider that they have been victimised as a result of whistleblowing should make a formal complaint to their employer immediately giving details of the way in which they believe they have been subject to detriment and their reasons for thinking that the detriment might be connected with their disclosure. This can be lodged with the Human Resources department.

It is the responsibility of your employer to ensure that you are not victimised as a result of whistleblowing.

6. Confidentiality

The school understands that you may be reluctant to come forward with information about the wrongdoing of a colleague or manager or indeed at all. As such, the school recognises that whistle blowers may wish to raise concerns in confidence. If you (the whistle blower) make a request for the matter to be kept confidential then your identity will not be revealed without discussing the matter with you first.

7. Anonymous Allegations

It is recognised that the purpose of a whistleblowing policy is to allow people to make protected disclosure with the protection being against any reprisals or victimisation for disclosures made honestly and in good faith. It is difficult for some people to come forward and make a disclosure and the prospect of having to identify yourself can make the action of whistleblowing even more daunting. You are encouraged to give your name when raising concerns. A concern expressed anonymously is much less powerful and is often more difficult to investigate and can lack credibility. The decision whether to investigate an anonymous allegation will be made by the Campus Principal and Regional Managing Director. When making this decision they will take into account the seriousness of the issues raised, the credibility of what is being said and the likelihood of confirming the allegation from other sources.

8. Protection for the Whistleblower

All concerns raised under this procedure will be treated seriously and a decision made about whether or not an investigation is appropriate. Depending upon the nature of the matter it may be referred to the external auditor or the police. The person to whom you reported your concern will be responsible for keeping you informed about the progress of the investigation and the action, which has been taken, although you may not be told the outcome. In some cases, the investigation may result in criminal or disciplinary proceedings. If this happens you may be invited to give a written statement or give evidence at a hearing. The Campus Principal will support you in this process and ensure that you are clear about what will happen.

9. Allegations not made in the Public Interest

The school will not tolerate abuse of this policy. Concerns that are raised frivolously, maliciously, or where they are known to be untrue may result in disciplinary action or, in the case of agency staff, the termination of the agency contract. In the case of contractors, the matter will be reported to the relevant Contract Manager so that a decision can be made about the appropriate action to take.

10. Reviews and Operation of this Policy

International Schools Partnership in partnership with the school has overall responsibility for the operation of this policy.